

# ASSIGNMENT 4

Textbook Assignment: "Oral Surgery Assistance," chapter 5, pages 5-1 through 5-27; and "Periodontic Assistance," chapter 6-1 through 6-17.

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- 4-1. Which of the following terms is used to describe the extraction of teeth in oral surgery?
1. Exodontics
  2. Endodontics
  3. Extrodontics
  4. Yankodontics
- 4-2. Which of the following Standard Forms should be used when informed consent is required?
1. 515
  2. 522
  3. 532
  4. 542
- 4-3. To control pain and anxiety, which of the following basic levels of anesthesia are administered?
1. Local, unconscious sedation, and general
  2. Conscious sedation, general, and infiltration
  3. General, local, and gas
  4. General, local, and conscious sedation
- 4-4. Which of the following oral surgery procedures are the three types of tooth extractions?
1. Simple, uncomplicated, impacted
  2. Exostosis, simple, complicated
  3. Impacted, simple, complicated
  4. Complicated, simplex, impacted
- 4-5. Which of the following types of extraction involves removal of a tooth that is partially or completely covered by bone and soft tissue?
1. Simple
  2. Impacted
  3. Complicated
  4. Uncomplicated
- 4-6. Which of the following types of extraction involves removal of a tooth or root that does not require bone removal or sectioning?
1. Simple
  2. Impacted
  3. Complicated
  4. Uncomplicated
- 4-7. Which of the following types of extraction involves removal of a tooth or root that requires surgical sectioning and/or bone removal?
1. Simple
  2. Impacted
  3. Complicated
  4. Uncomplicated
- 4-8. What type of oral surgery procedure involves the contouring of the alveolar structures?
1. Exostosis
  2. Frenectomy
  3. Osteotomy
  4. Alveoloplasty
- 4-9. What oral surgery procedure will be performed on a patient who has a fractured mandible or maxilla?
1. Exostosis
  2. Frenectomy
  3. Osteotomy
  4. Alveoloplasty
- 4-10. What oral surgery procedure will involve the surgical removal of bony growths projecting past the normal contour of a bony surface?
1. Exostosis
  2. Frenectomy
  3. Osteotomy
  4. Alveoloplasty

4-11. What oral surgery procedure involves the removal of a malattached facial or lingual frenum?

1. Exostosis
2. Frenectomy
3. Osteotomy
4. Alveoloplasty

4-12. What Standard Form does a dentist submit to an oral histopathology center for a submission of an oral biopsy?

1. 505
2. 510
3. 513
4. 515

4-13. Which of the following oral surgery procedures involves the removal of devitalized portions of bone that have separated from the adjacent bone?

1. Implant
2. Sequestrectomy
3. Incision and drainage
4. Foreign body removal

4-14. Which of the following conditions occurs when a blood clot does not form or dislodges from a tooth socket?

1. Exostosis
2. Alveoloplasty
3. Alveolar osteitis
4. Granulation osteitis

4-15. Which of the following tongue and cheek retractors is commonly used in oral surgery procedures?

1. Fraizer
2. East west
3. Minnesota
4. Curved Kelly

4-16. In addition to beaver style, which of the following surgical scalpel handles is commonly used in oral surgery procedures?

1. # 3
2. #10
3. #11
4. #12

4-17. Which of the following silk suture materials is most commonly used for the oral mucosa?

1. 1-0
2. 2-0
3. 3-0
4. 4-0

4-18. Tissue forceps have two small sharp pointed extensions that form which of the following shapes when in the closed position?

1. W
2. X
3. Y
4. Z

4-19. What type of surgical instrument is sharp and spoon-shaped and used to clean out infected cavities in bone and remove debris from the tooth sockets?

1. Malar
2. Rongeur
3. Chisels
4. Curettes

4-20. What type of surgical forceps is used to trim projecting, uneven, or overhanging bone?

1. #65
2. #286
3. Rongeur
4. Hawkbill

4-21. What type of surgical elevator is used to separate a bone or tooth from the fibrous membrane?

1. Spade
2. Minnesota
3. Periosteal
4. Straight root

4-22. What type of straight root elevator has the smallest working end?

1. 73
2. 92
3. 34S
4. 301

- 4-23. In which direction are the beaks of maxillary forceps angled from the curvature of the handles?
1. Away
  2. Same
  3. Vertical
  4. Horizontal
- 4-24. In what direction are the beaks of mandibular forceps angled from the curvature of the handles?
1. Same
  2. Away
  3. Vertical
  4. Horizontal
- 4-25. What letter-shaped forceps are used on the mandibular arch?
1. L and I
  2. C and S
  3. C and L
  4. S, I, and Z
- 4-26. What letter-shaped forceps are used on the maxillary arch?
1. L and I
  2. C and S
  3. C and L
  4. S, I and Z
- 4-27. What type of surgical equipment is used to protect the dentist and the patient from the long shaft of surgical burs?
1. Bur rings
  2. Bur guards
  3. Bur holders
  4. Bur wrappers
- 4-28. On what type of surgical stand will the circulating assistant place the surgery tray?
1. Oval
  2. Nayo
  3. Tayo
  4. Mayo
- 4-29. When performing surgery on the maxillary arch, what degree angle should the patient's alaragus line be to the floor?
1. 35
  2. 45
  3. 55
  4. 65
- 4-30. At least how many minutes should it take to complete a surgical scrub of a patient's face?
1. 1
  2. 2
  3. 3
  4. 4
- 4-31. You should scrub at least how many inches above your elbow when performing a surgical scrub of your hands?
1. 1
  2. 2
  3. 3
  4. 4
- 4-32. When performing gloving procedures, what member of the surgical team opens the packages of disposable sterile gloves?
1. Dentist
  2. Scrub assistant
  3. Surgical assistant
  4. Circulating assistant
- 4-33. When following the rules of the aseptic technique, in what position should you always keep your hands?
1. Above your head
  2. Above your waist
  3. Above your heart
  4. Above your shoulders
- 4-34. To control bleeding, what is the minimum amount of minutes a pressure pack may remain in place?
1. 10
  2. 20
  3. 30
  4. 40

4-35. If adequate healing has taken place, nylon or silk sutures may be removed after how many minimum days following surgery?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

4-36. Which of the following supportive structures is/are part of the periodontium?

1. Gingiva
2. Alveolar bone
3. Periodontal ligaments
4. All of the above

4-37. Damage to the periodontium is called what type of disease?

1. Gingival
2. Periapical
3. Periodontal
4. Periodontalism

4-38. The primary function of periodontal treatment is the elimination of what type of periodontal condition?

1. Pockets
2. Calculus
3. Gingivitis
4. Malposed teeth

4-39. An inflammatory disease confined to the gingiva is termed as what type of periodontal condition?

1. Bone loss
2. Gingivitis
3. Periodontitis
4. Marginal periodontitis

4-40. Inflammatory diseases that damage the deep supporting structures of the periodontium are classified as what type of periodontal condition?

1. Bone loss
2. Gingivitis
3. Periodontitis
4. Marginal periodontitis

4-41. For successful periodontal treatment, a patient must be willing to accept which of the following conditions?

1. Treatment
2. Requirements
3. Good oral hygiene
4. All of the above

4-42. Periodontal treatment is contraindicated if a patient displays which of the following responses?

1. Negative attitude
2. Positive attitude
3. Good flossing technique
4. Good brushing technique

4-43. On what NAVMED form are the results of a periodontal examination charted?

1. 6600/1
2. 6600/2
3. 6630/3
4. 6630/4

4-44. What are the most important findings in the periodontal examination?

1. Probing depths
2. Mobility of teeth
3. Amount of bleeding
4. Brushing and flossing techniques

4-45. What color pencils are used on the front section of the Periodontal Chart?

1. Blue and red only
2. Black and yellow
3. Blue, red, and orange
4. Black, blue, and red

4-46. When performing a periodontal examination, how many total measurements on each tooth will a dentist make when measuring for pocket depth?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 6
4. 8

- 4-47. How many total classes are used to describe and record mobility?
1. 1
  2. 2
  3. 3
  4. 4
- 4-48. When using a periodontal probe, an angled shank places the working end at about what degree of an angle in relation to the handle?
1. 15
  2. 45
  3. 55
  4. 65
- 4-49. The scored millimeter markings on a periodontal probe can range from what minimum to what maximum increments?
1. 1 to 8
  2. 2 to 8
  3. 1 to 9
  4. 1 to 10
- 4-50. A furcation probe is designed to help determine the extent of what type of bone loss?
1. Apical
  2. Vertical
  3. Horizontal
  4. Interradicular
- 4-51. Which of the following actions is the objective of scaling calculus from the tooth surface?
1. Shaving
  2. Removing
  3. Releasing
  4. Peeling
- 4-52. Sickle scalers with straight shanks are designed to adapt to which of the following teeth in the mouth?
1. Anterior
  2. Posterior
  3. Both 1 and 2 above
  4. Distal-facial
- 4-53. Sickle scalers with contra-angled shanks are designed to adapt to which of the following teeth in the mouth?
1. Anterior
  2. Posterior
  3. Both 1 and 2 above
  4. Distal-facial
- 4-54. What are the two basic types of curettes?
1. Sickle and jacquette
  2. Universal and McCall's
  3. Universal and Columbia
  4. Universal and area specific
- 4-55. Which of the following materials is/are used to make special scalers for cleaning the abutments of dental implants?
1. Plastic only
  2. Nonmetallic only
  3. Both 1 and 2 above
  4. Gutta-percha
- 4-56. A periosteal elevator is designed to retract what type of tissues?
1. Hard
  2. Delicate
  3. Oral mucosa
  4. Periodontal
- 4-57. Periodontal knives are designed to make initial incisions for which of the following types of periodontal procedures?
1. Gingivoplasty and gingivectomy
  2. Osseous and root amputations
  3. Periodontal flaps
  4. Hemisection
- 4-58. Periodontal surgery curettes and sickles are designed to remove what type of tissue?
1. Hard
  2. Delicate
  3. Gingival
  4. Granulation and fibrous

- 4-59. To recontour the bone during periodontal surgery, the dentist may use which of the following periodontal surgery instruments?
1. Rongeurs and files
  2. Rongeurs and curettes
  3. Chisels, hoes, and files
  4. Chisels, curettes, and sickles
- 4-60. Which, if any, of the following advantages occurs when using the electrosurgery apparatus?
1. Painless surgery
  2. Control of bleeding
  3. Control of tissue removal
  4. None of the above
- 4-61. Which of the following are the two types of occlusal equilibration?
1. Complete and limited
  2. Finished and partial
  3. Uncompleted and unlimited
  4. Unrestricted and unlimited
- 4-62. When the dentist is performing an occlusal adjustment, which of the following materials is/are used to wipe off the marks and keep the teeth dry?
1. Sterile gloves
  2. Gauze sponges
  3. Cotton pellets
  4. All of the above
- 4-63. What type of sensitivity is reduced or eliminated when performing root desensitization procedures?
1. Nerve
  2. Enamel
  3. Cementum
  4. Dentinal
- 4-64. A periodontal flap is a technique used in an attempt to correct what type of defect?
1. Bone
  2. Osseous
  3. Gingival
  4. Tuberosity
- 4-65. Osseous lesions will appear interproximally as what shaped defect?
1. Flat
  2. Grape
  3. Saucer
  4. Triangular
- 4-66. What type of treatment is required before a root amputation?
1. Operative
  2. Endodontic
  3. Oral Surgery
  4. Prosthodontic
- 4-67. Most periodontal dressings will stay in place for how many maximum amount of days before removal?
1. 1
  2. 2
  3. 3
  4. 7
- 4-68. What type of appearance will have a sharp cutting edge that does not reflect light?
1. Line
  2. Glare
  3. Double line
  4. Rounded line
- 4-69. What type of appearance will have a dull edge that reflects light?
1. Line
  2. Glare
  3. Double line
  4. Square line
- 4-70. What type of sharpening stone, if any, is fairly coarse, cuts rapidly, and is used primarily for initial sharpening of very dull instruments?
1. Arkansas
  2. White
  3. Ruby
  4. None

4-71. What type of sharpening stone, if any, has a fine grit and is used to attain a sharp edge?

1. Arkansas
2. White
3. Ruby
4. None

4-72. Which of the following number of cutting edges require sharpening on a Kirkland knife?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

4-73. Which of the following number of cutting edges require(s) sharpening on McCall curettes?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

4-74. Which of the following number of cutting edges require(s) sharpening on sickle scalers?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4

4-75. Which of the following number of cutting edges require(s) sharpening on a hoe scaler?

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4